Lyme disease surveillance in Allegheny County, PA

2015 Northeast Epidemiology Conference

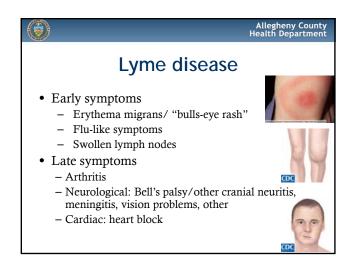
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Allegheny County Health Department

Lyme disease

- Vector-borne disease caused by spirochete Borrelia burgdorferi
- Transmitted by blacklegged ticks *I. scapularis* and *I. pacificus*
- Birds & small mammals are reservoirs
- Deer support tick populations – "deer tick"





- Allegheny County Health Department
 Lyme disease surveillance
 Nationally notifiable since 1991
 Case definition updates in 1995, 1996, 2008 & 2011
 Confirmed case

 A case of EM with a known exposure OR positive lab test
 A case with at least one late symptom and positive lab test
 - Probable case definition added in 2008
 - Any other case of physician-diagnosed Lyme disease with positive lab test

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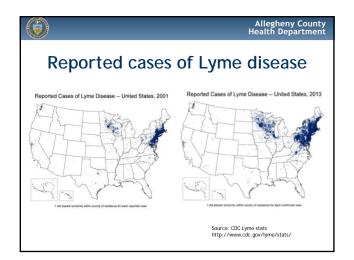
Laboratory criteria for diagnosis

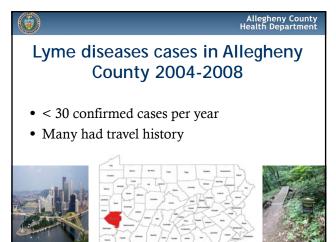
- Positive culture for *B. burgdorferi*, OR
- Two-tier testing:
 - Positive IgM when \leq 30 days from symptom onset
 - Positive IgG at any point during illness
- Single-tier IgG immunoblot seropositivity
- CSF antibody positive for *B. burgdorferi* by EIA or IFA, if CSF titer > serum

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Lyme disease surveillance: challenges

- Time and staff constraints
- Underreporting
- Case residence vs. case exposure

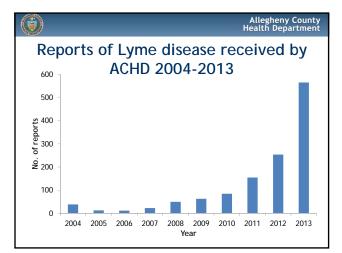




Lyme diseases cases in Allegheny County 2009-2013

• Number of reports began to rise

- Health department did not have resources to contact providers
- Cases could not be confirmed
- Anecdotal evidence of increasing burden of disease
- Official case count still <35 per year



Allegheny County Health Department Allegheny County Health Department **Objectives of 2014 Lyme** Protocol surveillance Collect clinical info on all lab reports with help of student interns/volunteers, admin assistant and • Assess burden of disease AmeriCorps member • Describe characteristics of cases • Fax one-page data collection form to providers • Develop plan for estimating burden of • Call providers who do not respond to fax disease with limited follow-up • Call patients if cannot reach provider • Enter information into PA-NEDSS • Allow PA DOH algorithm to classify cases

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Results I. Burden of disease

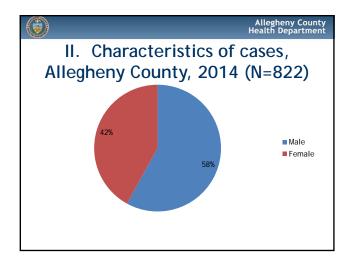
- 1455 individuals reported from labs or providers
- 96 providers could not be reached
- Final case classification -> 822 cases (conf/prob)
 - 756 confirmed
 - 66 probable

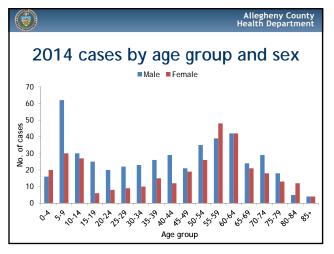
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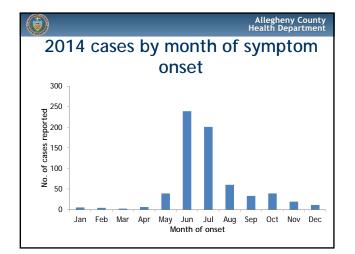
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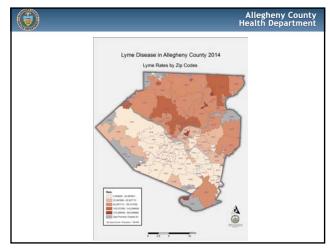
Symptoms reported by 2014 cases

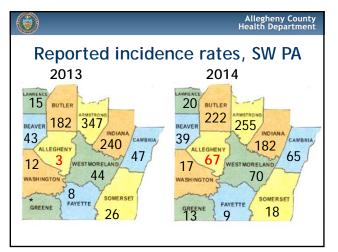
- EM (65%)
- Arthritis/joint swelling (43%)
- Bell's Palsy or other cranial neuritis (8%)
- Radiculoneuropathy (4%)
- Lymphocytic meningitis (2%)
- 2nd or 3rd degree AV block (0.8%)
- Encephalitis/Encephalomyelitis (0.6%)

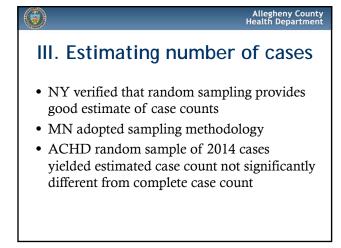












Conclusions

• Dramatic increase in number of Lyme disease reports in Allegheny County

- Number of confirmed cases depends on local health department capacity
- Case characteristics similar to national profile
- 20% random sampling is reasonable method to estimate case counts

